

EVEN CAT WAS CONTRIBUTION

Kitty, in Her Own Language, Testified to the Generosity of the Mayo Brothers.

An Indianapolis woman who recently returned from Rochester, Minn., where she was taking treatment of the Mayo brothers, tells the following story of a farmer who was visiting in the city:

"And this park was given to the city by the Mayors," he exclaimed.

"And the Mayo brothers gave this library to the city, and the money for this school was contributed by the Mayo," informed his host, as they sped about the city seeing the sights.

"Well, that is wonderful," said the farmer. "They certainly have made Rochester. Here comes a cat, I suppose that belongs to the Mayo, too. Let's stop and ask it."

"Say, Kitty, who do you belong to?" "Meow," replied the cat.—Indianapolis News.

True Fighters.

"The Black Watch are fighting so well in France that even the Germans praise them. Wonderful fighters," the Irishman said.

The speaker was W. Bourke Cockran. He continued:

"When I think of the valor of the Black Watch regiment I recall the story of Pat McCann.

"Pat came home one night with a black eye, a broken nose and a split lip; a front tooth was gone as well.

"Tim Sullivan done it," he told his wife, as he began to bathe his wounds in a basin of water.

"Shame on ye!" Bridget cried. "A big feller like you to be licked by a little, hard-drinking cockroach like Tim Sullivan! Why he—"

"Whist! said Pat from the basin, softly. "Don't shake evil of the dead."

From the Memories of a Critic.

"Good morning, Mr. Scribblepen," said I, as I entered the sanctum sanctorum of the famous author of "Nothing Worth While," "would you mind telling the American people through my paper, the Daily Blister, how you account for the rather mortifying condition into which the literature of the day seems to have fallen?"

"Why, it is perfectly simple, my dear fellow," replied Mr. Scribblepen affably, correcting the proofs of his new novel, "The Worst Yet," with his feet. "Literature has been dead for so long a time that mortification has set in as a natural sequence to its decay."—John Kendrick Bangs.

His Only Chance.

"Robinson is an awful pest at the club. He talks and talks all the time."

"Oh, well, you can't blame him, poor chap! He has a wife and three daughters at home."

Hard Luck.

Harduppe—Why so despondent? Fluddub—Oh, I can't seem to get out of debt.

Harduppe—Gee! That's nothing. I can't even get in.—Life.

As in Europe.

Knecker—I hear you moved. Bocker—Well, we fell back to a trench on the next block.

GERMANS HOLD A MILLION RUSSIANS

TWO ADVANCES OF KAISER'S MEN REPORTED FROM POLAND.

U-BOAT SINKS SIX VESSELS

French Make Gains at San de Sept, and Germans Bombard Fortresses at Dunkirk—Submarine Said to Be Destroyed.

Berlin.—The total number of Russian prisoners of war taken by Germany and Austria-Hungary since the beginning of the war, including the figures reported by the general staffs, surpasses 1,500,000 officers and men.

It was announced that the Austro-Germans had captured 100,000 Russian prisoners in the last ten days up to July 24.

The Germans have crossed the Narva River on a front from a point south of Ostrolenka to Pultusk. Southeast of Pultusk fortresses the Tenth Army is approaching the Bug River. Dunkirk Fortresses Bombarded.

The text of the statement follows: "In the western theatre—On the eastern border of the Argonne we blew up an enemy blockhouse."

"Near Lamols south of Ban de Sept, the French established themselves in a small portion of our advanced trenches."

"The fortress of Dunkirk was bombarded by us with several shells."

London.—German submarines have resumed their activity in English waters, sinking a French steamer and four British trawlers. One of the under-sea boats is reported to have been destroyed by bombs and gunfire.

The British steamer Firth, 406 tons, of Aberdeen, bound from France for Firth of Forth, was torpedoed by a submarine in the North Sea.

The French steamship Danes, bound from Liverpool for Archangel, Russia, was sunk off Cape Wrath, which forms the northwestern extremity of Scotland. The trawlers Henry Charles, Kathleen, Activity and Prosper were sent to the bottom in the North Sea. The crews of all vessels were saved.

ARREST PASTOR FOR MURDER

Rev. W. H. McCart Charged With Killing Monroe Smith, Which Dates Back 45 Years.

Covington, Kentucky.—The Rev. W. H. McCart is in jail here charged with killing Monroe Smith near Covington more than 45 years ago.

Smith, it is alleged, struck McCart's mother and was killed a few days later. McCart left here shortly afterwards and went west, where he became a minister. He came here on a visit to relations and his arrest followed.

Road Sued for \$18,000,000.

New York.—The New York Trust company began two suits in the supreme court against the Western Pacific, now in the hands of receivers. The first suit is for \$14,000,000 and the second action is for \$4,375,000.

Body Identified as Bates.

Queensland.—A body was washed ashore at Killoolgan Gateway had been identified from documents found in the coat pocket and from the name on the linen as that of Lindon Bates Jr., an American victim of the sinking of the Lusitania.

Kidnaped in Jail.

Idaho Falls, Idaho.—Lon Dean, a sheep herder, who admits he kidnaped E. A. Empey, was lodged in the Bonnevill county jail by cowboys, after a hard ride to save their captive from would-be lynchers. Dean was captured on the Sheep Mountain after Empey had escaped.

Machine-Gun Drill for Militia.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Brig. Gen. A. J. Logan, commanding the Second Brigade, Pennsylvania National Guard, announced to his command that machine-gun drill was to be a part of the brigade encampment which will begin August 7.

Food Taken to China Sufferers.

Washington.—The naval supply ship Supply has sailed from Shanghai for Hong Kong with food for famine sufferers in the Canton district which floods have devastated.

Calls Chicago "Too Speedy."

Chicago, Ill.—Motorists have paid fines amounting to \$20,000 in Chicago within the last 28 days for violating speed laws. "Chicago is too speedy," said Judge Arthur J. Gray.

Mine Layer Is Rejected.

Copenhagen.—The German mine layer Albatross, which was driven ashore in the recent naval battle in the Baltic, off the Gotland coast between German and Russian warships, has been rejected.

President's Double Arrested.

Philadelphia.—The double of President Wilson is locked up at the city hall, awaiting extradition to New Jersey, where he is accused of non-support of his wife and children. He is James K. Lewis.

Millionaire's Will Upheld.

Springfield, Mo.—Suit to break the will of the late T. B. Holland, instituted by his grandson, Grady Holland Sanford, was thrown out of court when Judge Guy D. Kirby sustained a demurrer filed by the defendant heirs.

Clark Gets Crank Letter.

Washington.—Champ Clark, speaker of the house, it became known, recently received a "crank letter," written in red ink and decorated with a skull and cross bones. The postmark was Berlin, N. Y.

SHOULD NOT HAVE MOVED

Story of a Man Who Was Making Good, but Roving Fever Got the Best of Him.

On May 4th, 1915, the St. Paul Farmer's Dispatch contained a very interesting account of the experiences of a man from Staples, Minn. Realizing that he was not making much headway, he decided to look up a homestead in Canada. With \$250 he and his wife took up a homestead near Outlook, Saskatchewan. After recounting his experiences of a few years, in which they had undergone hardships which were likely to be unavoidable, with a small amount of capital, he continues the story by stating that in the fall after a fair summer's work on his 100 acres cropped, he cleaned up nearly all his debts, having now four good horses, a complete set of farm machinery including two wagons and a "Swell" top buggy and eleven head of cattle. He continues: "How even I was not satisfied. I had been reading of the splendid homesteads that were to be had in Montana. Wheat was cheap and I thought it would get cheaper, so I began to think that homesteading was a money-making proposition was better than farming."

I did not stop to consider that wheat was not the only thing; as a matter of fact I had sold pork for 14 cents a pound. Eggs and butter had kept up in groceries and more, we had now four milch cows, two heifers coming in and more growing up. We had a cream separator, and some hogs. We had a quarter section of land that could raise an abundance of small grain, roots and grass for feed, but I could not see all that; I had the "moving" fever, and decided to sell.

I set the price on the land at \$3,000 cash. I could not find anyone with that much money, however, so I came down until I finally sold for \$1,400.

We had an auction and sold the personal property. On the sale we got just about enough cash to pay the auctioneer; the rest was all notes.

The horses brought about two-thirds what they were worth. The implements sold for hardly one-third of what they had cost. The cattle brought a good price.

Must Make Another Start.

We now have a homestead in Montana, but we find that after moving here and getting settled, what money we had did not go far. We have three horses, about all the implements we need, and a little better buildings than we had on our former place. We have no cattle, though we had to build much fence to keep ranch stock out of our fields. We have about \$500 worth of honest debts.

True, we have a half section in place of a quarter, but that is no good to us, as long as we have not the capital with which to work it.

In summarizing it all up I see where I made my mistake. It will take fully five years to get into as good circumstances as we were before we made the change. It is five years lost.

My advice to anyone contemplating a change of location is to think twice before you act, and if your present circumstances are not too bad, stay by your bunk till you pick it clean."—Advertisement.

Getting Along Nicely.

A minister, meeting a parishioner of his who had been quite recently married and about whose domestic happiness terrible stories were rife, saluted him and said:

"Well, John," says he, "how's all going on?"

"Oh, happily enough!" returns John. "I'm glad to hear it. You know, there were rumors of rows or—"

"Rows!" says John. "Oh, yes, there are plenty of rows; whenever she sees me she catches the first thing to hand, a dish or anything, and fires it at me. If she hits me, she's happy; if she doesn't, I am! Oh, we're getting on fine!"

Telling the Time.

Midnight is his nickname and although it fits him exactly as far as his color is concerned he is not always pleased to hear someone refer to him by that name.

He had been sulking in a corner of the playground for some time the other day when another colored boy almost as black as himself called out, "Come on over here and play, Midnight."

Midnight stared at the speaker a moment and then answered scornfully, "Go 'long you black rascal, you look like half past eleven yourself."

Family Headgear.

"Where's my last year's Panama?" asked the man of the house.

"Why, I didn't think you'd want it, so I made it over for Jennie," apologized his wife.

"You did, eh? Well, what's the matter with making over Jennie's last year's leghorn for me?"

MANY WERE SOME HOSPITALS

Have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the convalescent troops. Shaken into the shoes or dissolved in the foot bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives refreshing rest and comfort and prevents the feet getting tired or foot-sore. Try it TODAY. Don't accept any substitutes. Sold everywhere. 25c. For FREE sample, address Allen S. Omsted, LeRoy, N. Y.—Advt.

A Catty Girl.

"Algernon called on me yesterday afternoon."

"Yes," he told me he had some time to kill."

That's All.

"What were you doing in that pawnshop, Jim?"

"Oh, merely passing away the time."

The circus sometimes falls, but the visiting girl always gives a parade.

SYSTEM WORKSWELL

State Probation Commission Is Lauded by New York.

Experiment Has Proved in Every Way Worthwhile, and Authorities Are Unanimous in Opinion That It Be Maintained.

One of the most active of the small departments of the New York state government is the state probation commission. As shown by a recent report on the state departments prepared for the benefit of the constitutional convention by the department of efficiency and economy and the New York bureau of municipal research this commission is entirely separate in its organization and duties from any other state department. It has a large and unique field, namely, that of developing, extending and improving probation work in all the courts of the state.

Probation is defined as a system by which a court seeks to supervise, discipline and reform offenders without branding them as prisoners and without sentencing them to jail or prison. It is intended especially for the young or first offenders. It is used in all kinds of courts and for all sorts of offenses, but it is perhaps of greater importance in the juvenile court. Probation has been called "the right arm of the juvenile court."

The first probation law in the state was enacted in 1901. Following the enactment of this law probation work in the courts developed slowly and irregularly throughout the state. A special commission to study the work was authorized by the legislature of 1905; ten men and four women were appointed on this commission by Governor Higgins. The commission made a thorough inquiry and presented a report the following year. Out of its work and recommendations grew the present state probation commission.

The commission was created by the legislature in 1907. Homer Folke has been president of the commission since its creation. Frank E. Wade, another of the original commissioners, is now vice-president. The other members are Edward C. Blum of Brooklyn, Edmund J. Butler of New York, Judge Alphonse T. Clearwater of Kingston and Dr. John T. Finley, commissioner of education. The present secretary of the commission is Charles L. Chute, who succeeded Arthur W. Towne in 1913.

Some of the work the commission has accomplished toward extending and developing the probation system in the state is indicated by the following facts: When the commission began its work in 1907 there were 1,620 persons of all ages on probation. At the end of 1914 there were 10,925. Besides assisting in this great extension, the commission has constantly urged discrimination in the selection of cases and the all importance of careful and thorough work on the part of probation officers.

The report of the commission extending over seven years show that more than 70 per cent of all persons placed on probation are reported by the probation officers each year as completing their terms of probation successfully and being discharged with improvement.

The cost of the state prisons, penitentiaries, adult and juvenile reformatories, for maintenance alone in 1913 was \$2,592,349. This takes no account of the vast sums expended in lands, buildings and equipment and the sums spent annually for repairs and new construction. The average daily population of the institutions throughout the year was 11,414, making the per capita cost for a year's confinement \$200.83. The entire estimated cost of the probation system for the year 1913 was \$253,676. This includes salaries paid to all probation officers, an estimate of their expenses and the total appropriations to the state probation commission, which amounted to only \$12,620. The average number on probation throughout the year was 5,455 persons. Therefore, the average per capita cost of a year's probation was only \$29.92, less than one-sixth of the average expense for a year's imprisonment.

Besides the saving to the state and the various localities in dollars and cents, there is a greater saving. If offenders can be safely allowed to remain in society and continue as productive members thereof, society is relieved of the burden of supporting their innocent wives and children.

A Great Musician.

Two Lancashire boys were expatiating on the relative merits of their fathers as musicians.

"My father is the greatest musician in the town," said one.

"Oh!" the other said. "When my father starts his music every man stops work."

"How's that?" said the other. "What does he do?"

"He blows the whistle for meals up at the mill."

Self-Interest.

"Does our friend have in mind the will of the people?"

"I think so. Only he regards it as some kind of a will that may contain a personal legacy for him."

And That's All.

"Van Lushie says he can take a drink or let it alone."

"Well, I've often seen him prove the first half of that statement."

Not Missing.

"The baby's got Maria's nose."

"No, it hasn't, for she's been poking it into my business."

If perfume gave out the odor of broiled beefsteak the man would buy a great deal of it.

The most ridiculous thing about a man are his ears.

NOT MUCH OF A PROBLEM

Lawyer's Statement of Case That Was Immediately Acquitted For 100 Per Centum Guilt.

A famous lawyer had a client named Murphy who had been arrested for the legal sale of liquor. The police had no evidence but one point of which, which they found in his house when they searched it. In court this evidence was produced, and a somewhat vivid claim of prima facie evidence of guilt was made by the prosecuting attorney.

During all this counsel for the prisoner was silent. When his turn came for the defense, he rose and said: "Patrick Murphy, stand up." And Murphy, with a big red nose, unshaven face, bleared eyes and a general appearance of dissipation, rose.

"Patrick Murphy, look upon the jury; gentlemen of the jury, look at Patrick Murphy."

Jury and prisoner mutually completed.

The counsel gazed at Patrick for a moment, then solemnly turned to the jury.

"Do you mean to say to this court and me you honorably and truly believe that Patrick Murphy, if he had a pint of whiskey, would sell it?"

Murphy was acquitted.

Hunting Trouble.

When a man just naturally wants trouble it is mighty easy to find an excuse for making it. According to Mike Hogan, Casey and O'Brien were having an argument of their own at Breckenridge street and Barrett avenue. It had progressed to the extent that each had forgotten what it was about originally, and they were wholly oblivious of the gathering crowd until an urbane and genteel person in a frock coat put in:

"Come, come, my man," he said, gently plucking Casey by the sleeve. "You don't want to fight; I can tell it by your looks. Your face is too benign."

"Two be nine! Two be nine, is it, ye scut?" bellowed Casey. "Me face is two be nine, is it?"

And there was where the real trouble began.—Louisville Times.

Circumstantial Evidence.

A girl who has been visiting in a country town, alarmed the family she was visiting by appearing at breakfast and describing pistol shots directly behind the house during the night and the running and shouting of men.

"I distinctly heard someone say, 'Did you get him?' and another voice answered, 'No, he disappeared in the long grass,'" she said. "Then the first voice said, 'Well, we'd better look behind the church,' and just then two shots rang out."

The man of the family decided to investigate and found that the disturbers were boys who were going fishing and were looking for worms, while the shots were torpedoes on a railroad track, a short distance away.—Worcester Post.

Johnny Made Good.

In instructing a youthful class in mathematics the pretty young teacher turned to Johnny Jones.

"Johnny," she remarked, "can you tell me what an average is?"

"Yes, ma'am," was the prompt response of Johnny, "an average is what a hen lays eggs on."

"What?" exclaimed the amazed teacher. "What on earth are you talking about?"

"That's right, Miss Mary," was the rejoinder of Johnny. "Most every lesson in our 'rithmetic starts off 'il a hen lays two eggs a day on an average.'"—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Not Posted.

"You studied astronomy at college, did you not, Mr. Saphesd?" asked the sweet young thing.

"Oh, yes indeed, and a very fascinating study it is."

"Won't you please tell me the name of that bright star over there just above the spire of the Presbyterian church?"

"Let me see," said Saphesd. "That's er—wait a minute now, I—or it must be—the fact is, Miss Peachy, I'm afraid I'm not up on this year's schedule."

Mother's Little Joke.

The young people in their summer flannels and white shoes were out on the tennis court, and the head of the house was in the library trying to read, but the noise was very annoying.

"What's the matter out there?" he asked his wife.

"Nothing much," she replied. "It's only a tennis racket."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tonic chills and is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Can You Beat It?

"That chap Jones believes in getting his money's worth."

"I should say he does! Why, he takes a trip into town every Sunday so as to get the full value of his commutation ticket."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*.

In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fitch's Castoria.

Share His Regard.

Edith—Do you think only of me? Tom—Yes, darling; that is, except during the baseball season.

A girl never fully appreciates a young man until some other girl tries to get a cream on his forehead.

IN S. WOMEN

Editorial Every woman should be allowed to have a right to health.

Lester's Kidney Pills

For the cure of all kidney troubles, including catarrh, gravel, and all other diseases of the urinary system.

For the cure of all kidney troubles, including catarrh, gravel, and all other diseases of the urinary system.

For the cure of all kidney troubles, including catarrh, gravel, and all other diseases of the urinary system.

Why will women continue to suffer in and out of doors with a sickly, half-hearted existence, when they can have the health of the body, mind and soul in Lester's Kidney Pills?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ailments, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as dysmenstruation, indigestion, ulceration, tumors, transposition, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lester's Kidney Pills Co., 1000 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

For the cure of all kidney troubles, including catarrh, gravel, and all other diseases of the urinary system.

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Constipation Vanishes Forever

Freemont Relief—Permanent Cure. CATER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

For the cure of all kidney troubles, including catarrh, gravel, and all other diseases of the urinary system.

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BLACK LEG

For the cure of all kidney troubles, including catarrh, gravel, and all other diseases of the urinary system.

Auto Dealers Wanted

For the cure of all kidney troubles, including catarrh, gravel, and all other diseases of the urinary system.

Wouldn't Wear a "Molokai"